



# **Health Care Financing Notes**

**Medicare: Participating Providers and Suppliers  
of Health Services, 1981**

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MEDICARE: PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS AND SUPPLIERS OF HEALTH

SERVICES, JULY 1981 \*

This Note presents 1981 data on the number of providers and suppliers of services certified to participate in the Medicare program.<sup>1/</sup> Figures are shown separately for hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, independent laboratories, outpatient physical therapy, and portable x-ray services.

The accompanying general tables show: (1) the trends in the number of providers and suppliers of services participating in the Medicare program between July 1975 and July 1981 (Table 1); (2) the number and geographic distribution of participating hospitals (Table 2); and, (3) the number and geographic distribution of participating skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, and other suppliers of services (Table 3).

The text tables show: (1) the distribution of short-stay hospitals (Table A) and skilled nursing facilities (Table B) by number of beds and type of control, July 1981; (2) the distribution and rates per 1,000 HI beneficiaries of short-stay hospital and skilled nursing facility beds by U.S. Census

\*By Charles Helbing. This Note is one of a series prepared in the Office of Research, Judith Lave, Director, to describe the number and distribution of facilities certified to participate in Medicare and Medicaid programs administered by the Health Care Financing Administration. This report was written under the administrative supervision of Allen Dobson, Director, Division of Beneficiary Studies.

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<sup>1/</sup> For the statutory definition of providers and suppliers of services and the detailed conditions for participating under Medicare, see Medicare Program Regulations, 42 CFR, Part 405, Subpart S, Health Care Financing Administration.

division, July 1981 (Table C); and (3) the distribution of providers terminated under Medicare, by reason of termination, July 1980 through July 1981 (Table D).

#### Trends in Participation, July 1975-July 1981

- . Between July 1975 and July 1981, the number of participating short-stay hospitals decreased by forty-two, from 6,107 to 6,065. However, the number of certified beds increased by 11 percent from 95,263, to 997,020, raising the average number of beds in participating short-stay hospitals from 148 to 164 (Table 1).
- . Although the number of certified psychiatric hospitals increased from 385 in 1975 to 412 in 1981 (7 percent), the number of beds dropped by about 38 percent, from 198,802 to 123,527. The average number of beds per psychiatric hospital thus decreased from 516 to 300. This decrease probably reflects the shift in the place of treatment of psychiatric illness from large State hospitals to smaller community-based facilities.
- . The number of certified other long stay hospitals decreased 8 percent from 281 in 1975 to 259 in 1981.<sup>2/</sup>
- . The number of participating skilled nursing facilities (SNFs) and beds increased substantially between July 1975 and July 1981. The

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<sup>2/</sup>For the purpose of this report other long-stay hospitals include general long-stay hospitals, chronic disease, Christian Science, special long-stay, and tuberculosis hospitals. As of July 1981, only 13 tuberculosis hospitals remained in the program. This was due primarily to a reduction in the incidence and prevalence of the disease and the use of other modalities of treatment.

number of SNFs increased from 3,932 to 5,258 (34 percent) while the number of beds increased from 287,479 to 457,692 (59 percent). As a result, the average number of beds per SNF increased from 73 to 87.

The implementation of uniform standards for certification of SNFs under the Medicare and Medicaid programs, as mandated by the 1972 amendments to the Social Security Act, contributed to some of the increase in the number of Medicare certified facilities. Facilities previously certified only under the Medicaid program became certified under Medicare with the application of the uniform standards.

Additional factors accounting for the increase in the number of SNFs, especially for the sharp increase from 4,002 facilities in 1977 to 4,749 facilities in 1978, are: 1) certain States mandated that facilities must participate in the Medicare as well as the Medicaid program and, 2) The Medicare-Medicaid Anti-Fraud and Abuse Amendments (P.L. 95-142) passed in 1977 provided 90 percent Federal funding to States for anti-fraud and abuse programs. Among the activities instituted in response to these amendments was the assurance of compliance with conditions of participation by Medicaid certified Intermediate Care Facilities (ICF). Activities and investments made to assure compliance may have provided incentives to upgrade facilities further to participate in the Medicare program as SNFs.

- The number of home health agencies (HHAs) increased from 2,242 in 1975 to 3,110 in 1981 (39 percent). The passage in 1975 of the Health Revenue Sharing and Health Services Act (P.L. 94-63), which appropriated \$3 million for grants to "demonstrate the development and expansion of home health services," probably contributed to this increase.



- . The number of independent clinical laboratories increased from 3,048 in 1975 to 3,484 in 1981 (14 percent).

Distribution of Short-Stay Hospitals and Skilled Nursing Facilities  
By Number of Beds and Type of Control, July 1981.

- . Of the 6,065 short-stay hospitals participating in 1981, 55 percent (3,359) were voluntary nonprofit institutions. Almost one-third of the hospitals (1,945) were government operated (mostly by State and local governments) and the remaining 13 percent (761) were proprietary (Table A).
- . The average number of beds of all short-stay hospitals was 164. Voluntary hospitals had the largest mean number of beds (204), nearly twice that of government hospitals (112) and proprietary hospitals (122).
- . About 50 percent (3,026) of all short-stay hospitals had less than 100 beds; most of these are located in rural areas.
- . Only 326 short-stay hospitals (5 percent of all certified short-stay hospitals) had 500 or more beds; only two of these were privately owned.
- . In contrast to short-stay hospitals, over two-thirds (3,599) of the participating SNFs were privately owned. An additional 22 percent (1,180) were operated by voluntary nonprofit organizations, and the remainder (479) were government facilities (Table B).

- . The mean number of beds per participating SNF was 87. The mean bed size by type of control ranged from 82 for voluntary nonprofit SNFs to 101 for government facilities.
- . Nearly one-third (1,614) of all SNFs had less than 50 beds while only about 6 percent (306) had 200 or more beds.

Distribution of Short-Stay Hospital and Skilled Nursing Facility Beds,  
July 1981

- . Among the nine census divisions, there were wide variations in the ratio of short-stay hospital beds and SNF beds per 1,000 Medicare HI enrollees (Table C).
- . The number of short-stay hospital beds per 1,000 HI enrollees (aged and disabled) ranged from a low of 31.1 in New England to a high of 40.7 in the West South Central States.
- . The number of SNF beds per 1,000 HI enrollees ranged from a low of 1.8 in the West South Central States (only 11 percent of the national rate) to a high of 29.9 in the Pacific States.
- . The West South Central division had, by far, the highest ratio of short-stay hospital beds to SNF beds (22.6 to 1). In contrast, the national ratio of short-stay hospital beds to SNF beds was 2.2 to 1.

Distribution of Other Suppliers of Health Services Under Medicare,  
July 1981

- . Substantial differences occurred by State in the distribution of home health agencies (HHAs), independent laboratories (ILs), providers of

outpatient physical therapy (PT) and/or speech pathology (SP) services, and suppliers of portable x-ray services (Table 3).

- . Among the 50 States, 11 had more than 100 HHAs certified under Medicare. Conversely, 9 States and the District of Columbia had 15 or fewer agencies approved by Medicare.
- . Of the 3,484 independent laboratories certified by Medicare, almost a quarter (847) of them were located in California. Texas and New York followed with 214 and 207, respectively.
- . Of the 506 providers of service certified for reimbursement for outpatient physical therapy and/or speech pathology, 58 were located in Florida, 36 in Illinois and 32 in Michigan. Conversely, about half (24) of the States and the District of Columbia had 5 or fewer of these providers of service.
- . Over one-fourth (61) of the 230 suppliers of portable x-ray services certified for reimbursement under Medicare were located in California.

#### Providers Terminated Under Medicare, July 1979-July 1980

- . A total of 510 providers (about 3 percent of the 19,324 participating providers shown in the report) terminated their participation under the Medicare program during the period July 1980 to July 1981. Only 67 (13 percent) of these terminations were involuntary (Table D). Similarly, during the period July 1979 through July 1980, approximately the same number (508) and proportion (3 percent) of the providers



terminated their participation under the Medicare program and 40 (about 8 percent) of these terminations were involuntary.<sup>3/</sup>

- Of the 510 terminations, 239 (47 percent) were independent laboratories; only 16 of these were involuntary terminations.
- The next largest group of terminations consisted of 98 skilled nursing facilities; 18 of these were involuntary terminations. The involuntary terminations of SNF's represented over one-fourth of all involuntary terminations.
- Seventy-two hospitals were terminated during the period with 11 being involuntary terminations.

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<sup>3/</sup>Raymond Goldsteen, Medicare: Participating Providers and Suppliers of Health Services, 1980, Health Care Financing Administration, Publication No. 03088, April 1981.

## SOURCES OF DATA

Data published in this report were obtained from applications to participate in the Medicare program submitted by providers and suppliers of services, and from certification forms completed by State agencies and regional offices. The data reported reflects information from these forms recorded in the master records maintained by the Health Care Financing Administration.

## DEFINITIONS

Hospital-An institution engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic services for medical treatment of injured, disabled, or sick persons.

Short-stay Hospital-A hospital where the average length-of-stay is less than 30 days.

Long-stay Hospital-A hospital where the average length-of-stay is 30 days or more.

Psychiatric Hospital-An institution primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness.

Tuberculosis Hospital-An institution primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, medical services for the diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis.

Skilled Nursing Facility-An institution primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for patients who require medical or rehabilitation services.

Beds-The number of certified Medicare beds regularly available (those set up and staffed for use).

Home Health Agency-An agency primarily engaged in providing intermittent skilled nursing and other therapeutic services to patients in their own place of residence.

**Independent Laboratory**—A laboratory performing diagnostic tests independent of a physician's office or a hospital that participates in the Medicare program.

**Outpatient Physical Therapy and/or Speech Pathology**—Such services furnished by a provider of services, a clinic, a rehabilitation agency, or a public health agency to a beneficiary as an outpatient.

**Portable X-ray**—An individual, partnership, or organization which takes radiographs with portable equipment, usually in the patient's place of residence, under the general supervision of a physician.

**Provider Termination**—Hospitals and other participating providers may withdraw voluntarily from participation in the Medicare program for any reason, if adequate notice is given to the Secretary of Health and Human Services and to the public. A facility may also lose its certification as a participating provider or supplier if it is found to be non-compliant with provisions of the law, conditions of participation, or other regulations. Some facilities, after having their participation terminated involuntarily, may correct their deficiencies and be readmitted to the program.

TABLE 1

Number and Type of Facilities and Beds Participating in the Medicare Health Insurance Program and  
Percentage Change, All Areas, July 1975 - July 1981

Type of Facility	Facilities							Percent Change 1975-81
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	
Hospitals	6,773	6,802	6,806	6,797	6,801	6,777	6,736	- .5
Short-Stay	6,107	6,112	6,131	6,130	6,128	6,104	6,065	- .7
Psychiatric	385	401	400	400	411	408	412	7.0
Other Long-Stay 1/	281	289	275	267	262	265	259	- 7.8
Skilled Nursing Facilities	3,932	3,928	4,002	4,749	4,963	5,052	5,258	33.7
Home Health Agencies	2,242	2,361	2,420	2,605	2,788	2,924	3,110	38.7
Independent Laboratories	3,048	3,194	3,221	3,281	3,373	3,447	3,484	14.3
	Beds							
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	
Hospitals	1,140,395	1,149,122	1,160,863	1,142,248	1,147,498	1,149,997	1,147,324	.6
Short-Stay	901,757	922,601	953,067	965,323	985,070	990,621	997,020	10.6
Psychiatric	198,802	188,288	172,949	145,376	133,106	131,276	123,527	-37.9
Other Long-Stay 1/	39,836	38,233	34,847	31,549	29,322	28,100	26,777	-32.8
Skilled Nursing Facilities	287,479	309,790	349,650	418,246	419,835	436,007	457,692	59.2

1/ Certified tuberculosis hospitals are included with other long-stay hospitals.  
As of July 1981 only 13 tuberculosis hospitals remained in the Medicare program.



TABLE 2

Number of Participating Medicare Hospitals and Beds, by Type of Hospital and Region, Division, and State, July 1981

Region, Division, and State	Total		Short-Stay		Psychiatric		Other Long-Stay	
	Hospitals	Beds	Hospitals	Beds	Hospitals	Beds	Hospitals	Beds
All Areas	6,736	1,147,324	6,065	997,020	412	123,527	259	26,777
United States	6,676	1,138,236	6,007	988,215	411	123,277	258	26,744
Northeast	1,083	281,429	904	211,772	104	57,400	75	12,257
North Central	1,984	316,808	1,764	285,404	111	23,993	109	7,411
South	2,379	377,663	2,201	341,383	130	32,078	48	4,202
West	1,230	162,336	1,138	149,656	66	9,806	26	2,874
New England	334	66,066	268	50,731	29	7,443	37	7,892
Connecticut	53	15,733	37	11,187	8	3,522	8	1,024
Maine	50	4,961	49	4,578	1	383	-	-
Massachusetts	164	34,370	124	26,365	13	2,368	27	5,637
New Hampshire	31	3,772	28	3,183	3	589	-	-
Rhode Island	18	4,822	14	3,427	2	164	2	1,231
Vermont	18	2,408	16	1,991	2	417	-	-
Middle Atlantic	749	215,363	636	161,041	75	49,957	38	4,365
New Jersey	128	35,704	104	30,078	10	4,245	14	1,381
New York	345	114,460	295	77,376	37	34,875	13	2,209
Pennsylvania	276	65,199	237	53,587	28	10,837	11	775
East North Central	1,029	208,916	927	191,915	79	14,251	23	2,750
Illinois	271	60,195	247	57,135	19	2,433	5	627
Indiana	140	26,272	125	24,354	13	1,885	2	33
Michigan	229	44,295	209	38,351	13	4,869	7	1,075
Ohio	227	55,295	203	50,905	18	3,539	6	851
Wisconsin	162	22,859	143	21,170	16	1,525	3	164
West North Central	955	107,892	837	93,489	32	9,742	86	4,661
Iowa	154	17,579	132	15,534	4	1,179	18	866
Kansas	183	15,683	147	12,997	7	1,590	29	1,096
Minnesota	192	22,936	179	20,435	7	2,298	6	203
Missouri	177	32,509	159	28,552	9	3,096	9	861
Nebraska	130	10,461	104	8,184	4	781	22	1,496
North Dakota	56	4,862	54	3,976	1	798	1	88
South Dakota	63	3,862	62	3,811	-	-	1	51
South Atlantic	952	188,917	845	162,895	77	23,080	30	2,942
Delaware	11	2,644	7	1,902	2	638	2	104
Dist. of Columbia	14	8,368	12	4,722	2	3,646	-	-
Florida	243	53,034	221	50,026	20	2,886	2	122
Georgia	180	26,557	165	24,755	12	1,688	3	114
Maryland	75	21,065	56	15,352	9	4,684	10	1,029
North Carolina	159	28,213	140	23,193	12	4,482	7	538
South Carolina	80	15,543	74	11,544	5	3,833	1	166
Virginia	123	23,367	105	21,345	13	1,153	5	869
West Virginia	67	10,126	65	10,056	2	70	-	-

TABLE 2

Number of Participating Medicare Hospitals and Beds, by Type of Hospital and Region, Division, and State,  
July 1981

Region, Division, and State	Total		Short-Stay		Psychiatric		Other Long-Stay	
	Hospitals	Beds	Hospitals	Beds	Hospitals	Beds	Hospitals	Beds
East South Central	526	75,746	500	72,476	19	2,801	7	469
Alabama	133	19,818	128	19,370	4	298	1	150
Kentucky	112	16,711	103	15,010	6	1,467	3	234
Mississippi	117	12,540	116	12,480	-	-	1	60
Tennessee	164	26,677	153	25,616	9	1,036	2	25
West South Central	901	113,000	856	106,012	34	6,197	11	791
Arkansas	100	11,420	98	10,978	1	442	1	-
Louisiana	146	21,329	137	18,938	6	2,204	3	187
Oklahoma	138	15,440	130	13,830	8	1,610	-	-
Texas	517	64,811	491	62,266	19	1,941	7	604
Mountain	425	44,581	399	40,653	15	3,332	11	596
Arizona	69	10,812	63	9,790	4	928	2	94
Colorado	94	12,961	84	11,105	5	1,444	5	412
Idaho	48	2,980	47	2,940	1	40	-	-
Montana	66	3,550	66	3,550	-	-	-	-
Nevada	26	3,246	24	3,104	2	142	-	-
New Mexico	51	4,518	48	4,388	1	92	2	38
Utah	42	4,386	39	4,013	1	321	2	52
Wyoming	29	2,128	28	1,763	1	365	-	-
Pacific	805	117,755	739	109,003	51	6,474	15	2,278
Alaska	25	1,464	24	1,264	1	200	-	-
California	562	90,374	511	85,148	40	3,104	11	2,122
Hawaii	25	2,577	20	2,232	1	189	4	156
Oregon	81	10,111	77	8,632	4	1,479	-	-
Washington	112	13,229	107	11,727	5	1,502	-	-
Other Outlying Areas	60	9,088	58	8,805	1	250	1	33
Puerto Rico	56	8,474	54	8,191	1	250	1	33
Virgin Islands	2	316	2	316	-	-	-	-
Other	2	298	2	298	-	-	-	-

TABLE 3

Number of Participating Medicare Skilled Nursing Facilities and Beds, Home Health Agencies, Outpatient Physical Therapy and/or Speech Pathology, Independent Laboratories, and Portable X-Ray Services, by Region, Division, and State, July 1981

Region, Division, and State	Skilled Nursing Facilities		Home Health Agencies	Outpatient Physical Therapy/ Speech Pathology	Independent Laboratories	Portable X-Ray
	Number	Beds				
All Areas	5,258	457,692	3,110	506	3,484	230
United States	5,253	457,499	3,071	505	3,440	230
Northeast	1,412	153,655	581	89	704	50
North Central	1,331	95,425	842	141	708	51
South	1,127	88,432	1,231	206	850	44
West	1,383	119,987	417	69	1,178	85
New England	409	28,618	288	24	232	19
Connecticut	178	18,730	83	11	73	9
Maine	16	392	13	3	3	-
Massachusetts	112	6,236	121	6	115	7
New Hampshire	25	683	39	2	9	1
Rhode Island	60	1,912	12	1	30	2
Vermont	18	665	20	1	2	-
Middle Atlantic	1,003	125,037	293	65	472	31
New Jersey	126	15,132	47	23	100	4
New York	524	68,048	122	16	207	18
Pennsylvania	353	41,857	124	26	165	9
East North Central	1,064	78,574	461	104	508	41
Illinois	228	8,994	139	36	188	9
Indiana	121	6,538	47	11	42	1
Michigan	277	21,274	63	32	139	8
Ohio	369	34,805	112	22	116	15
Wisconsin	69	6,963	100	3	23	8
West North Central	267	16,851	381	37	200	10
Iowa	24	662	108	10	19	1
Kansas	29	1,434	68	5	29	-
Minnesota	84	3,997	89	8	24	5
Missouri	51	4,879	58	10	96	3
Nebraska	16	1,173	18	2	13	1
North Dakota	57	4,222	14	2	12	-
South Dakota	6	484	26	-	7	-
South Atlantic	709	60,297	463	130	358	26
Delaware	15	1,083	6	4	11	1
Dist. of Columbia	3	275	6	-	11	-
Florida	214	23,263	131	58	137	13
Georgia	70	6,050	62	20	45	2
Maryland	93	9,744	45	11	75	6
North Carolina	133	7,941	90	3	16	3
South Carolina	94	7,248	35	24	17	-
Virginia	53	1,886	58	8	25	1
West Virginia	34	2,807	30	2	21	-
East South Central	355	23,441	424	25	152	3
Alabama	186	13,905	91	8	43	-
Kentucky	94	4,187	54	7	43	1
Mississippi	18	1,503	131	2	22	-
Tennessee	57	3,766	148	8	44	2
West South Central	63	4,694	344	51	340	15
Arkansas	3	315	94	5	25	-
Louisiana	13	1,664	82	12	53	3
Oklahoma	9	441	75	9	48	2
Texas	38	2,274	93	25	214	10

TABLE 3

Number of Participating Medicare Skilled Nursing Facilities and Beds, Home Health Agencies, Outpatient Physical Therapy and/or Speech Pathology, Independent Laboratories, and Portable X-Ray Services, by Region, Division, and State, July 1981

Region, Division, and State	Skilled Nursing Facilities		Home Health Agencies	Outpatient Physical Therapy/ Speech Pathology	Independent Laboratories	Portable X-Ray
	Number	Beds				
Mountain	250	16,053	164	36	179	12
Arizona	25	975	17	2	46	3
Colorado	60	4,897	49	20	49	3
Idaho	44	3,276	15	4	14	1
Montana	66	2,818	16	3	8	-
Nevada	23	1,807	10	1	19	2
New Mexico	5	245	29	5	17	2
Utah	26	1,865	10	-	21	1
Wyoming	1	170	18	1	5	-
Pacific	1,133	103,934	253	33	999	73
Alaska	4	320	1	2	5	1
California	967	89,631	171	17	847	61
Hawaii	26	1,785	9	2	30	-
Oregon	47	2,446	37	4	41	3
Washington	89	9,752	35	8	76	8
Other Outlying Areas	5	193	39	1	44	-
Puerto Rico	4	177	37	1	41	-
Virgin Islands	-	-	1	-	1	-
Other	1	16	1	-	2	-



TABLE A

Number and Percentage Distribution of Short-Stay Hospitals by Number of Beds and Type of Control, All Areas, July 1981

Number of Beds	All Short-Stay Hospitals		Voluntary		Proprietary		Government	
	Number	Percentage Distribution	Number	Percentage Distribution	Number	Percentage Distribution	Number	Percentage Distribution
Total	6,065	100.0	3,359	100.0	761	100.0	1,945	100.0
Fewer than								
100	3,026	49.9	1,240	36.9	388	51.0	1,398	71.9
100-199	1,306	21.5	804	23.9	229	30.1	273	14.0
200-299	717	11.8	507	15.1	105	13.8	105	5.4
300-399	421	6.9	338	10.1	25	3.3	58	3.0
400-499	269	4.4	219	6.5	12	1.6	38	2.0
500 or More	326	5.4	251	7.5	2	.3	73	3.8
Mean Number of Beds	164		204		122		112	

TABLE B

Number and Percentage Distribution of Skilled Nursing Facilities by Number of Beds and Type of Control, All Areas, July 1981

Number of Beds	All Skilled Nursing Facilities		Voluntary		Proprietary		Government	
	Number	Percentage Distribution	Number	Percentage Distribution	Number	Percentage Distribution	Number	Percentage Distribution
Total	5,258	100.0	1,100	100.0	3,599	100.0	479	100.0
Fewer than								
25	522	9.9	158	13.4	283	7.9	81	16.9
25-49	1,092	20.8	310	26.3	668	18.6	114	23.8
50-99	1,949	37.1	389	33.0	1,425	39.6	135	28.2
100-149	1,021	19.4	162	13.7	799	22.2	60	12.5
150-199	368	7.0	80	6.8	255	7.1	33	6.9
200 or More	306	5.8	81	6.9	169	4.7	56	11.7
Mean Number of Beds	87		82		87		101	



TABLE C

Ratio of Short-Stay Hospital (SSH) and Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Beds to Medicare HI Population,  
July 1981 1/

Census Division	SSH Beds Per 1,000 HI Enrollees		SNF Beds Per 1,000 HI Enrollees		Ratio of SSH to SNF Beds Per 1,000 HI Enrollees
	Number	Ratio 2/	Number	Ratio 3/	
United States	35.9	1.00	16.6	1.00	2.2
New England	31.1	.87	17.6	1.06	1.8
Mid-Atlantic	32.7	.91	25.4	1.53	1.3
East North Central	39.2	1.09	16.0	.96	2.4
West North Central	39.8	1.11	7.2	.43	5.5
South Atlantic	35.1	.98	13.0	.78	2.7
East South Central	39.8	1.11	12.9	.78	3.1
West South Central	40.7	1.13	1.8	.11	22.6
Mountain	35.6	.99	14.0	.84	2.5
Pacific	31.4	.87	29.9	1.80	1.1

1/ Based on HI enrollment as of January 1, 1981.

2/ Ratio of SSH Beds Per 1,000 HI enrollees in Census Division to the rate for the United States.

3/ Ratio of SNF Beds Per 1,000 HI enrollees in Census Division to the rate for the United States.

TABLE D

Distribution of Providers and Suppliers Terminated under Medicare by Type of Termination,  
July 1980 - July 1981

Type of Provider	Reason for Termination			
	Total	Voluntary Closure	Voluntary Withdrawal	Involuntary Withdrawal
Total	510	230	213	67
Hospitals	72	45	16	11
Skilled Nursing Facilities	98	15	65	18
Home Health Agencies	69	18	36	15
Independent Laboratories	239	146	77	16
Outpatient PT and/or SP	19	2	14	3
Portable X-Ray	13	4	5	4

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